MINERS CONVENTION YIELDS TO OPERATORS DEMAND.

The District Presidents Voted for as Members of the Board of Conciliation -Mitchell Warns the Men Not to Let Their Organization Dwindle.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 16 .- The convention of the United Mine Workers to-day yielded the point for which the operators have contended, and there will be no strike in the anthracite coal region just now. The delegates at the morning session voted by districts and as a convention to indorse the selection of the district presidents as members of the Board of Conciliation and then in the afternoon adjourned with song

and expressions of good will. Before the convention adjourned the delegates were made happy by word from President Baer of the Reading that he accepted cheerfully the work of to-day's convention in choosing conciliators.

The agreement that resulted in the action of the miners to-day was effected during the night through the efforts of Mitchell and some of the more conservative leaders. The convention got started a few minutes after 10 o'clock. The report of the Committee on Resolutions was presented as

To the delegates in special convention, Districts 1, 7 and 9. U. M. W. of A.: We, your committee, having under consideration the disagreement in relation to the appointment of the Board of Conciliation provided for in the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, beg leave to submit the following statement and recommendations and ask for them your favorable consideration.

Whereas, A controversy has arisen be-Whereas, A controversy has arisen between the anthracite coal operators and the anthracite coal mine workers concerning the selection of the members of the Board of Conciliation as provided for in the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, and
Whereas, The anthracite coal operators have refused to recognize the members of the board selected by the anthracite coal mine workers who were appointed in accordance with and in the manner provided for in the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission, assigning as their reasons

for in the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike
Commission, assigning as their reasons
therefor the specious pretext that said
members were not appointed and directed
by the commission, and
Whereas. We believe and know that our
members of the Board of Conciliation were
selected or provided for in the award of
the coal strike commission and were our regularly accredited representatives, hav-ing full authority to act for us in the adjustment of grievances or disputes growing out of the interpretation or application of the sward of the coal strike commission, and as such should have been recognized withit question by the operators' representa-

Whereas. The action of the executive boards of Districts 1, 7 and 9 of the U. M. W. of A. in appointing our members of the board has been indorsed by the Hon. George Gray, chairman of the coal strike commission, thus confirming beyond per-adventure of doubt the correctness of our

Whereas, Notwithstanding all their evi-Whereas, Notwithstanding all their evidences in support of our position the anthractic coal operators persist in their arrogant refusal to carry out in a broad, fair, liberal spirit the award of the coal strike commission, disregarding the interests of both their employees and the general public, who have suffered so much discomfort and inconvenience as a result of the action of the anthracite coal operators during the last year, and

Whereas, We, the representatives of the Whereas, We, the representatives of the anthracite coal mine workers, deeply conscious of the great suffering, loss and inconvenience that would result from a suspension of coal mining in the anthracite fields, in order to avert such a dire calamity have decided to remove even the remotest possibility of misunderstanding concerning the legality of the appointment of our members of the Board of Conciliation, and in order to do so it is hereby

Read tead, That we, the regularly accredited representatives of Districts 1, 7 and 9 of the United Mine Workers of America, in separate and in collective conventions assem-

arate and in collective conventions assem-bled, having full authority from our various local unions, which represent an overwhelmons, which represent an overwhelmaround the anthractic coal mines, unquali-fiedly indorse the action of our executive officers in appointing Messrs. Nichols, Det-trey and Fahey to represent us on the joint board of conciliators, and we hereby authorize them to act as our representatives in the adjudication of all disputes growing out of the interpretation or application of the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike Com-

mission and in any other way growing out of the relations of the employers and employed; and be it further Resulved, That we hereby confirm the authority now vested in the executive boards of Districts 1, 7 and 9, U. M. W. of A. to fill by arrespintment any vacancy that may fill by appointment any vacancy that ma place in our membership on the Board f Conciliation.
In behalf of the committee,

JOHN MITCHELL, Chairman

GEORGE HARTLEIN, Secretary. The report was adopted without debate. Delegate Gildea after the vote said that the only trouble was that the resolutions did not go far enough. The convention ought to know first whether the operators would recognize the district presidents as conciliators.

If they will not," he declared, his vioce "we ought to resume the contest of

last summer."

This sentiment was applauded.

"I can tell the gentleman that the district presidents will be recognized," said the chair.

chair.

"Do you know it?" asked Gildea.

"I know it," answered Mitchell, and again there was applause.

The appointment of the conciliators was then voted upon, first by each district separately, and later collectively by the entire convention, the latter by a rising vote.

The sliding scale question was brought up, and Mitchell announced that he had seen a statement from the operators, which up, and Mitchell announced that he had seen a statement from the operators, which he believed to be authentic, showing that the average price of coal had not gone above \$4.52 a ton. Until it should get to \$4.55 there would be no increase due, but by the end of June the price would have gone to \$4.62, and the mine workers would be entitled to an advance of 2 per cent.

itiled to an advance of 2 per cent.

A miner said the firemen were thinking of organizing a union of their own.

"There will be only one union, and it will be this one," said Mitchell with em-

A resolution was adopted referring to the Conciliation Board all the grievances that had been presented to the committee

The convention adjourned at 11:30 till 2 slock. When it met again Mr. Mitchell said:
"During the intermission I got into communication with the coal operators' representatives and the Board of Conciliation and I am authorized to say that Mr. Baer has authorized Mr. Connell to say that they recent the decision of our convention."

scoopt the decision of our convention."

This was greeted with deafening ap-A resolution was passed authorizing Mr.

Mitchell to act as a representative of the union at any time before the Board of Con-The motion to adjourn the convention was made at 2:40 o'clock in the afternoon. Before putting it Mitchell spoke briefly to the delegates. He said:

delegates. He said:

There are a number of persons who may go home with the false notion that the award of the commission has fixed their wages for the next three years, and that they can drop out until then. Let me say to such persons that you will not get the present conditions any longer than you can hold them. Just as soon as a majority of the mine workers are not members of the union you will not have any representatives on the Conciliation Board.

Letters have come to my form the contraction.

| 1908 | 1902 | 1903 | 1903 | 1904 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | tion Board.

Letters have come to me from this field saying the men do not attend the meetings and keep their dues paid up. If a man cannot give up the time once a week, twice a week or every two weeks to attend the meetings, then he ought to be kicked out of the mines we must keep our union and our strength.

If the anthracte miners ever desert the union I shall regret as long as I live that I so much as set my foot in the anthractte region. You got in two years what you wouldn't get in thirty, not alone in wages, WASHINGTON FORBCAST FOR TO DAY AND TO MORROW. WARLINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAT AND TO-MORROW.

For New Jersey, Delaware, eastern Pennsylvania
and eastern New York, parity cloudy to-day, probably
showers; fair and warmer to-morrow; earlable winds.

For New England, unaettied weather to-day,
probably showers; fair to-morrow; fresh, variable
winds.

For the District of Columbia, partly cloudy today, probably showers in the morning; fair tomorrow; variable winds.

For western New York, partly cloudy to-day,
probably showers; fair; warmer to-morrow and light
to fresh west winds.

but a degree of independence you never had before.

before.

The delegates gave three cheers and a tiger for Mitchell after the motion to adjourn was put, and everybody crowded to the stage to shake his hand.

Mitchell and the district presidents met at the St. Charles Hotel to-night and decided to do all in their power to have the Conciliation Board get together at once. The miners are insisting upon this.

COFFIN MAKERS STRIKE. They Want a Saturday Half Holiday Most

-Predict a Searcity of Coffins. The coffin makers employed by several firms of undertakers went on strike yesterday for a nine-and-a-half-hour workday, five days a week, and a three-hour day on Saturdays. They have been working ten hours a day, and they say that is too long

in such a business. Among the places affected are Stolte's and Taylor's factories in East 106th street and the factory of Hornthal, Morgan & Co. The keenest demand is for the short workday on Saturdays. One of the strikers

"Saturday is a sort of off day, and it makes us feel melancholy to be looking at coffins to the very last minute. We want to enter into Sunday without thinking of coffins. If our demands are not granted this week the strike will be extended and coffins will become scarce. As we feel for the survivors of the departed, we don't want this to

MOBBED A WORKING BAKER. Harber Wanted to Make a Living, but the

Union Wouldn't Let Him. The three employees in the bakery of Lewis Harber, at 39 Essex street, joined Lewis Harber, at 39 Easex street, joined the bakers' strike on Sunday, since which time Harber has been trying to keep his little business going by working at the ovens himself, assisted by his wife. The Bakers' Union heard of this and several committees waited on him and told him he must stop all work as he was taking the place of union men.

ne must stop all work as ne was taking the place of union men.

Harber protested that he was a poor man and must work, but the strikers wouldn't give in. Several of them waited on him again on Monday and told him that unless he closed up his business they would wreck his store and kill him.

Harber kept on working, however, and yesterday afternoon a crowd of strikers without any warning rushed into his store and attacked him and his wife. One of the strikers hit Harber on the head with

an iron bar.
Policeman Bennett of the Eldridge street

Policeman Bennett of the Eldridge street station rushed to Harber's receue and managed to beat off his assailants until the reserves were summoned, who quickly dispersed the crowd and arrested four of the strikers.

They described themselves as Samuel Greenspam of 240 East 102d street, Lewis Harburman of 92 Attorney street, Samuel Blumberger of 64 Willett street and Morris Webber of 427 East Houston street.

In the Essex Market police court Blumberger was discharged and the others were held for examination on charges of felonious assault.

Was a Smash-Strikers Suspected.

ne was hurt. Mr. Reid believes that the cutting of

WORK OF FIRE WARDENS.

Supt. Fox Thinks the Forestry Law Is

Admirably Drawn.

dack camps and cottages have been fortun-ate in the small losses sustained by the

be employed to prevent the fires caused by fishermen and farmers.

New Real Estate Company.

The Weather.

rain along the coast was moving castward yester-

day, followed by generally fair weather in all the Atlantic States, except New England, where it was showery most of the day. The winds on the coast

continued to blow from the northeast, but there was a belt of clear weather to the weatward, reaching to the Mississippi Valley and throughout the

An area of moderately high pressure covered the

nterior of the country.

The outlook is promising for fair weather here

In this city yesterday there was a shower in the

early morning; otherwise partly cloudy weather prevailed; wind fresh northeast; average humidity,

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the

official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table

Vorthwest

for a day or two.

The low pressure, which gave an abundance of

ALBANY, June 16 .- The Queens Develop-

ALBANY, June 16 .- Col. William F. Fox,

which six Unionists also voted LONDON, June 17 .- The Daily News, NAHAN FRANKO ACCUSED Radical, commenting on the vote on Mr. Of Withholding Musicians' Pay-Most o Redmond's amendment to the Irish Land His Orchestra Step Up to Deny It. bill, says that many persons now believe that the measure is dead. It adds that The executive committee of the Musical there is certainly pressure on the Tory

The executive committee of the Musical Mutual Protective Union heard charges yesterday against Nahan Franko, leader of the Metropolitan Opera House orchestra. The charges were that he withheld part of the pay of seven members of the orchestra. The greater part of the orchestra was there to testify in Mr. Franko's favor. Mr.Franko said that he had been an orchestra leader for twenty-six years and never had kept back any of the money of the musicians under his charge.

The hearing was adjourned until the next meeting of the committee. Leader Franko said that in the meantime he will summon two of the complainants to Jefferside to drop it, now that it no longer car ries a promise of settlement. Irishmen naturally resent the way in which the Government has used them to pass the two Education bills and then throw them over at the bidding of the landlords

The price has been paid, but the article has not been delivered. Many rejoice that the Tory alliance has gone, and that the party is free from an association to which it has been as loyal summon two of the complainants to Jefferson Market court on the charge of conspiring to do him an injury. as Mr. Balfour and the Government have

been faithless. There is still hope that something may CABLE CUT AT A MARBLE WORKS, be made of the bill, but in its present form no one, except, perhaps, Mr. Timothy Healy, And When the Engine Was Started There will recommend it to the Irish tenantry as

CLASH OVER IRISH LAND BILL.

TRUCE WITH THE GOVERNMENT

ENDS IN ULTIMATUM.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

question of the purchase price of the land.

The first clause save that in the case of

second-term rents the purchase price shall

not be less than 10 per cent. and no more

than 30 per cent. of the existing rents,

than 20 and no more than 40 per cent. Mr.

Redmond moved an amendment sut-

stituting 15 and 25 per cent., respectively,

Throughout yesterday the Nationalists

fought strenuously for the abolition of the

fixed minimum, although Mr. Wyndham,

Chief Secretary for Ireland, the introducer

of the bill, twice expressed his determina-

tion to adhere to that minimum, reminding

the Irish members that that was the amount

fixed in each case by the Land Conference.

Speaking again to-day Mr. Wyndham

offered to listen to any plea urged for the

purpose of exempting the poorest tenants,

Then Mr. Redmond rose and delivered

"Unless the right honorable gentleman

can see his way to go further I cannot truth-

fully say to the Irish people that the bill

will fulfill the hopes which have been raised

in Ireland, or that it will settle the Irish

question." He warned Mr. Wyndham that

Mr. John Morley and Sir Edward Gray

backed Mr. Redmond, who was supported

by all the Nationalists and by T. W. Russel

who, although he is a Unionist, strongly

advocates land law reform. Some of the

more fiery Nationalists launched out in old

style attacks on the government, but Mr.

to embitter the debate.

they were at the parting of the ways.

an ultimatum on behalf of his party. He said that the Irish must stand by their

but said he could not yield the principle.

amendment. He concluded by saying

and in case of first-term rents, not less

the Ministers and Nationalists.

for 10 and 20 per cent.

a safe or just bargain. Robert H. Reid of the firm of Robert This, of course, is an ex parte view, but H. Reid & Co., employing marble work-ers at Astoria, L. I., who are affiliated with extreme Radicals and Nationalists.

ers at Astoria, L. I., who are affiliated with the Building Trades Employers' Associa-tion, reported to the association yester-day that the transmission cable at the mill was cut last week and when the engine at the mills was started last Saturday a quan-tity of machinery and some of the roof girders came down. By good luck no one was hurt. CUBA BUYS LESS FROM US. While Her Business With Spain, Germany and France Increases. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

HAVANA. June 16 .- During 1902 the imthe cable was done, or was instigated, by the strikers at his works. A reward of \$500 has been offered for information leading to the conviction of the culprits ports into Cuba amounted in value to \$60, 574,800, of which \$25,243,200 came from the United States; \$8,209,000 from other American countries: \$3.612,000 from Germany: \$9,541,000 from Spain; \$2,045,000 from France; \$9,098,000 from England, and \$1,482,000 from other countries. These figures, compared with those of 1901, show a decrease of \$2,835,000 in the imports from the United he Superintendent of State Forests, thinks States; \$3,061,000 from other American countries, and \$463,000 from England, that the State and private owners of Adironand an increase of \$116,000 from Germany, \$43,000 from Spain, and \$101,000 from France. The United States sent 42 per cent. of the imports; other American countries, 13; England, 14; Spain, 16; Germany, 5; and

forest fires.

He said to-day that he thought that the Forestry law of the State, so far as it relates to the methods for the prevention or suppression of forest fires, is admirably drawn and well adapted to the various requirements which it is designed to meet. The New York law provides for the appointment of a fire warden in each town, the in turn divides the town into districts. France, 5. The total exports in 1902 were valued at \$64,329,000, an increase of 1,051,000 over 1901. The United States took 76 per cent. pointment of a fire warden in each town, who in turn divides the town into districts and appoints a district fire warden in each. They have the power in case of a forest fire to call out citizens, who are required by law to go promptly to the place of danger and work until the fire is out. Any citizen who, upon being ordered out to fight fire, refuses to comply may be arrested and fined. of the exports. England 9. Germany 6. Spain 2 and France 1. The exports to the United States were worth \$49,498,000, an increase of \$1,431,000; to England, \$5,807,000, a decrease of \$134,000; to Germany, \$3,967,000, a decrease of \$272,000.

The value of the sugar exported in 1902 fined.

Col. Fox says that in every town where was \$30,646,000, a decrease of \$1,391,000 as compared with 1901; tobacco, \$25,404,000, here was a fire, without exception, the own fire warden, his deputies and a posse of men were promptly at work as soon as an increase of \$77,000; other agricultural products, \$4,925,000, an increase of \$1,857. the first smoke appeared.

The fire law of the State might be improved by providing that the railroads in the Adirondack Park burn petroleum and that a sufficient number of patrols 000. In 1901 the sugar exported was 1,300,-000,000 pounds, against 1,800,000,000 pounds in 1902.

The decrease in imports was principally in cattle, the value of which in 1902 was \$5,897,000, against \$9,818,000 in 1901; and in foodstuffs, which showed a decrease of \$2,180,000 in jerked beef, lard and cereals. The remainder of the decrease was prinment Company of New York city was incorporated to-day with a capital of \$2,000,000, to conduct a general business in real estate. The directors are Edward Lyons of Brooklyn; Henry L. Swords and Absalom H. Mattox of New York city. cipally in cotton goods and machinery

The total number of immigrants was 11,986, of whom 8,877 were Spanish and 1,068 American. The male immigrants numbered 9,494, of whom 390 were married. During 1902 the customs receipts amounted to \$14,698,232, being \$947,155 less

Experts have pronounced Allinri, the Italian who attempted to shoot the Italian Consul, as sane and he has been sent to

HUNGARIAN PREMIER OUT. Cabinet Crisis Had Been Expected for a

Month. Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN BUDAPEST, June 16.-Coloman de Széll the Hungarian Prime Minister, has resigned. Count Stefan Tisza has been intrusted with the formation of a Cabinet.

Despatches from Vienna about a month ago stated that the resignation of the Cabinet of Hungary was expected, as the Liberal party was hopelessly split. Count Apponyi was said to be at loggerheads with the Premier, and Count Banfly was looming up as a candidate for the office of Prime Minister.

Russian Line to Persian Gulf. Special Cable Despatch to TER SUK. LONDON, June 16.-A despatch from Odessa of yesterday's date says that the first steamship of the new Russian line to the Persian Gulf left there yesterday morning. The newly appointed Russian agent, M. Bushire, was aboard.

BISPHAM'S SUIT FOR DIVORCE Contested in London on Ground That Opera Singer Resides in Pennsylvania.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 16.—The divorce case of David Bispham, the grand opera singer, against his wife was called before Sir Francis Redmond's Amendment on Purchase Price Jeune, President of the Divorce Court, of Land Fought in House of Commons this afternoon. With the view of deciding and Government Gets a Majority of Only 41—Liberals Support Amendment. the question of Mr. Bispham's domicile counsel for Mr. Stoddart, the corespondent named in the action, maintained that the singer was a resident of Pennsylvania. LONDON, June 16.-Two days' hammering Two children were born to him in London the Irish Land bill in committee of the but they were registered as of Philadelphia House of Commons has resulted in bringing and their births were so announced in the Irish members sharply in conflict with the newspapers. Counsel stated that Mr. the Government and seriously imperilling Bispham was intensely American and althat "truce of God," regarding which so many felicitous words were exchanged by ways celebrated Thanksgiving Day. He also insisted that his children should be The crux of the bill, as already explained educated in the United States. The case was adjourned without a dein THE SUN's cable despatches, lies in the

BRITAIN COMPLAINS TO CHINA. Treatment of Applicants for Concessions Not Satisfactory.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, June 16 .- The Marquis of Lansdowne, Minister of Foreign Affairs, made a vigorous speech in the House of Lords this afternoon on the question of railway concessions in China The Government, he said, had serious cause for complaint at the manner in which China had dealt with applications from British concessionaires. The Government had remonstrated strongly with China on this subject. The Foreign Minister assured the House that the Government would back British rail way interests as strongly as any other coun try would back the rights of its citizens.

INCOME TAX FOR FRANCE. Minister Rouvier's Plan to Meet the Big

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, June 16 .- Admiral Rouvier, the Minister of Finance, announced to-day that he estimated the deficit for the year at 58,100,000 francs. The Minister stated that in order to prevent new taxation measures would be taken to augment the yield from the present taxes.

M. Rouvier announced that he would introduce a measure providing for a tax of 1.50 per cent. on incomes, subject to various deductions such as an allowance according to the number of children in each family. He also stated that he would propose a tax of 4 per cent. on rents.

Redmond checked them, clearly not desiring LONDON'S FIRST QUICK LUNCH. Police Called Out to Control the Rush for When a division was taken on Mr. Red-Buckwheat Cakes and Sinkers.

mond's amendment the Government obtained a majority of only 41, the vote stand-Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ing 217 to 176. The Nationalists greeted the result with jubilant cheers. Sir Henry LONDON, June 16 .- London's first quick unch restaurant was opened for business Campbell-Bannerman led all the Liberals on the Strand vesterday. Despite the present in support of the amendment, for solemn warnings of the Lancet against these places, and a downpour of rain there was a great rush of curious cockneys, to whom buckwheat cakes with maple syrup, &c., presented an absolute novelty. The serrices of the police had to be enlisted in a short time to control the crowd. The rush continued throughout the day.

> M'KINLEY CONDOLENCE CABLE. Lord Mayer and Sheriff of Cork Must Pay for It Out of Their Own Pockets.

> Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, June 16 .- The Government Auditor has refused to allow the municipality of Cork to charge the rate payers with the cost of cabling to the United States its sympathy on the occasion of the assassination of President McKinley, on the ground that it was not a matter connected with municipal affairs.

Consequently he has charged the Lord Mayor and Sheriff with the amount of the bill, which is about \$38.

HONORS AT CAMBRIDGE. -Seniors Are Men

Special Cable Despatch to THE STN LONDON. June 18 .- In the mathematical tripos at Cambridge University Harry Bateman of Manchester and Philip Edward Marrack of Tiverton, both of Trinity, were bracketed as senior wranglers. The only woman in the list of wranglers

SOLDIERS DIE OF CHOLERA. Six Deaths From the Disease in One Week

in the Philippines. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Cholera has again appeared among the United States troops in the Philippines, six deaths from the disease having occurred in the week ending June 10. These and other deaths were telegraphed to the War Department toby Major-Gen. Davis, commanding the Division of the Philippines. The list

follows:

Cholera—Thomas A. Jennings, Company G. Twenty-seventh Infantry, June 7; Arthur G. Paris, Company K. Twenty-sixth Infantry, June 9; Austin B. Cochran, Troop D. Fifteenth Cavalry, June 1: Walter C. Latham, Company B. Eighteenth Infantry, June 6: Ban Campbell, Troop L. Fifteenth Cavalry, June 15; Ben A. Patrick, Troop G. First Cavalry, June 3;

Malarial Fever—John Lee, Company H. Second Battalion Engineers, May 29.

Drowned—Body recovered—Andrew B. Walker, Company H, Second Battalion Engineers, June 1.

Suicide—Frithiof Tholander, Company H, Eighteenth Infantry, June 4;

Multiple Carbuncle—Homer L, Cash, Company H, Fifth Infantry, June 12.

Postal Convention With Cuba Signed. Washington, June 18.—A postal convention between the United States and Cuba, continuing in force the present two-cent letter rate between the two countries and the present systems concerning the exchange of money order and registered packages, was signed this afternoon by Señor Quesada, the Cuban Minister, and Postmaster-General Payne.

Court-Martial of Paymester Deluno. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Directions for the trial by court-martial of Assistant Paymaster Philip W. Delano, U. S. N., were given by the Secretary of the Navy to-day. About \$1,800 of money for which he was responsible has not been accounted for. He recently returned from the Philippines.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 16 .- These army orders have been issued:

Col. Almond B. Wells, First Cavalry, from San
Francisco to his home to await retirement.
Leave of absence granted Second Lieut. Kenyon
A. Joyce, Sixth Cavalry, is extended twenty-one

Leave of absence granted second Lieut. Remyon
A. Joyce, Sixth Cavairy, is extended twenty-one
days.
Previous orders relating to Capts. Bertram C.
Gilbert and George F. Barney, Artillery, revoked.
First Lieut. Blenton Winship, Sixteenth Infantry,
to this city and thence to the Department of the
Lakes as Judge Advocate.
Major Edward J. McClernand, Assistant Adjutant-General, to Omaha.
First Lieut. John C. Oakes, Engineers, to this city
for further instructions.
First Lieut. Valentine, Fourth Infantry,
to Fort Bayard for further orders.
The board composed of Col. John P. Story, Majora
John A. Lundeen and Garland N. Whistler and Capts.
Erasmus M. Weaver and George T. Bartlett, Artillery, appointed from this office to revise the drill
regulations for coast artillery, to Portland, Me.,
for the purpose of witnessing and studying the
system of fire control, fire direction and artillery
practice during the war games in August.
Capt. Paul F. Straub, Assistant Surgeon, from
leave of absence to Camp Monterey.
These navy orders have been issued:

These navy orders have been issued: Lieut. F. S. Kellogg, from Atlanta to ho leave two weeks, then to Naval War College rave two weeks, then to Navai War College for course of instruction.
Lieut. G. T. Pettinglii, from Alert to home and leave thirty days.
Ensign L. Shane, sick leave three months.
Assistant Surgeons J. D. Manchester, P. T. Desser and J. S. Woodward appointed Assistant Surgeons with rank of Lieutenast Guntor gradel.
Paymaster J. O. Lovell placed on the retired list.
Assistant Paymaster W. C. Fite, from Navy Department to Florida. Joyous Drinks

sugar, half a wine glass of water, a wine glass of Wolfe's Schnapps, small lump of ice. Stir: grate nutmeg on top. Try that, Any drink containing

ening, head-clearing and a palatetickling beverage as well. Bottled for 75 years. Sold in original bottles only - 2 sizes druggists and grocers.

> UDOLPHO WOLFE CO., 21 State Street, New York.

CANDIDACY OF M'CLELLAN FOR MAYOR OBJECTED TO.

JOHN F. CARROLL TO SEE CROKER

Maybe Mr. Croker's Ex-Deputy Leader Will Tell Him So-Others Have Told Murphy So and They Say He Is Listening

-P. B. Olney's Name Comes Up Again.

John F. Carroll, former deputy leader of Tammany Hall, started for Europe yesterday on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse with Mrs. Carroll and his three children. One of Mr. Carroll's friends said that he is to meet Richard Croker in London next week. When Mr. Croker sailed away immediately after the defeat of Edward M. Shepard in 1901, the relations between himself and Mr. Carroll were not overpleasant. Lewis Nixon became the ostensible leader of Tammany Hall for a short time, and then quit, to be followed by the triumvirs; and they were succeeded by Charles F. Murphy, who, for years, had been

on the closest terms with Mr. Croker. At last September's primaries when Mr. Murphy won the leadership Mr. Carroll won the severe battle in his own district which Mr. Murphy put up against him. Mr. Carroll subsequently resigned as leader of his district. Then came the talk that Mr. Murphy would certainly nominate Representative George B. McClellan for Mayor next fall, and this talk has been going on ever since. Mr. McClellan started for Europe three months ago, and is still abroad.

While Mr. Carroll has resigned the leadership of his district he still controls it, and it may be said without fear of contradiction that associated with him are seven or eight leaders of Tammany who do not believe that Mr. Murphy should nominate Mr. McClellan for Mayor. It was declared yesterday that Mr. Carroll will so say to

Mr. Croker in London.

The objections of the minority leaders are to the effect that Mr. McClellan is too close to Mr. Murphy, Mr. McClellan coming from Mr. Murphy's own district, and that for a number of years Mr. Croker, while personally friendly to Mr. McCl llan, believed that he made a better Congressman at Washsonally friendly to Mr. McCl illan, believed that he made a better Congressman at Washington than he would a Mayor of New York city for the Tammany organization. The Tammany leaders who are associated with Mr. Carroll agree now with the sentiments of Mr. Croker expressed in those times.

A personal friend of leader Murphy said last night: "Yes, it is true that Mr. Murphy is very partial to the nomination of Mr. McClellan for Mayor. The two men have been very intimate for a number of years. Mr. Murphy highly respects Mr. McClellan, and Mr. McClellan looks up to Mr. Murphy has heard all the talk of the minority leaders of Tammany against McClellan's nomination, and he has listened to it attentively.

"While he is personally friendly to Mr. McClellan, let me tell you that if it can be demonstrated to him that some other man than Mr. McClellan should be nominated for Mayor next fall Mr. Murphy will not hesitate a minute to nominate that man, and, for that matter, Mr. McClellan will be the last man in the world to embarrass Mr. Murphy in any way.

"Mr. Murphy is sending to all sorts and

and, for that matter, Mr. Muchanal and the last man in the world to embarrass Mr. Murphy in any way.

"Mr. Murphy is sending to all sorts and conditions of Democrats below the Bronx, asking for their opinion as to the right man to be nominated, not only for Mayor, but for the other offices to be voted for in New York city next fall. Mr. Murphy has heard all the nonsensical talk that 'a valler dog'

for the other offices to be voted for in New York city next fall. Mr. Murphy has heard all the nonsensical talk that 'a valler dog' could be elected for Mayor next fall, and that Tammany is a sure winner. He does not accept any of those statements. He will not nominate a 'valler dog ticket,' but he is casting about for the very best men to go on the ticket.

"Another point," continued Mr. Murphy's friend, "that I would like to make for him at this time is that if Tammany wins he will put an end to all graft as far as possible, and he will try to have Tammany Hall rejuvenated and its skirts kept clear from scandals, graft and the hideous mess which brought about its defeat in 1901.

"Mr. Murphy has also been told," went on Mr. Murphy's friend, "that the Democrats of New York city might look upon Mr. McClellan as Mr. Murphy's especial friend if Mr. McClellan should be elected Mayor, and that anything of that kind

friend if Mr. McClellan should be elected Mayor, and that anything of that kind would be disastrous to the future of Tammany Hall. Mind you, I am not saying anything against Mr. McClellan and I am not saying anything for him. I am simply telling you of the conversations I have had with Mr. Murphy, and which in my estimation the Democrate of New York city are entitled to read."

FROM AS FAR WEST AS MANHATTAN.
From the Brooklyn Eagle yesterday.
The Eagle's Washington despatches told a week ago of some Western rumor running to the effect that Mr. Murphy is going to nominate Peter B. Olney for Mayor next fall. From TRE SUN of January 12. Percent B. Olney for Mayor; important Democrats are discussing his name; the Cininatus of Lawrence was active in the suits grainst the Tweed Ring, and was District Attorney here in 1883.—Brother of Richard Discreptions.

IN JUSTICE KELLOGG'S PLACE. His Son, Henry T. Kellogg, Appointed to

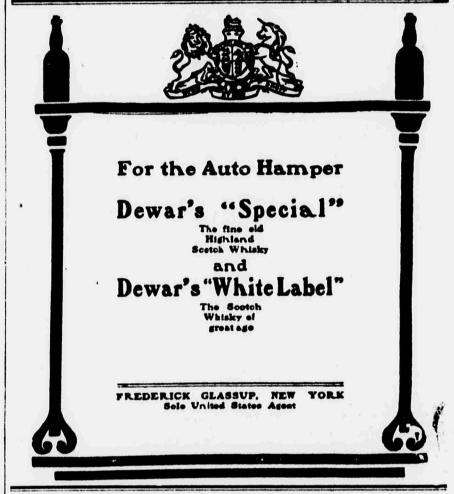
Fill Vacancy in Fourth District. ALBANY, June 16 .- The resignation of ALBANY, June 16.—The resignation of Supreme Court Justice S. Alonzo Kellogg of Plattsburg on account of ill health was filed yesterday with Gov. Odell and Secretary of State O'Brien. The Governor has appointed Henry T. Kellogg of Plattsburg, Justice Kellogg's son, to fill the vacancy thus created in the Fourth Judicial District. Justice Henry T. Kellogg is the present County Judge of Clinton county.

Oscar S. Straus, who was chosen umpire n the arbitration between the United Street Railways of San Francisco and their em-ployees, said yesterday that though he can ill spare the time, he has consented to act.

Manhattan Beach Hetel Opens. The Manhattan Beach Hotel opened for the season last night.

RE devote special attention to the execution of orders for Whole Carpets, which are made in one piece without seams and to fit any space, weaving them from designs prepared by our own artists. < Whole Carpets are made by hand in French Aubusson and Savonnerie, English hand-tufted and Scotch Chenille Axminster, also in Berlin, India and Turkish weaves. They are particularly appropriate for richly furnished rooms. < < < <

W. & J. SLOANE BROADWAY & 19TH STREET



FOR COOKING

FOR COOKING

GET A GAS STOVE NOW.

XXth Century Methods demand the use of GAS for service of cooking, lighting and heating in every house.

IT'S BEST AND CHEAPEST.

## JEROME AFTER OLD DOCK BOARD

HAS AN INQUIRING EYE ON THE AQUEDUCT COMMISSION, TOO.

Starts a John Doe Hunt Into the Ways of Murphy, Cram and Meyer-Won't Say How He Will Investigate the Charges Against the Aqueduct Board Men. District Attorney Jerome said yesterday

that he had commenced an investigation into the methods of the old Tammany Dock Board. He said that arrangements had been made to bring John Doe proceedings before Justice Mayer, and that a large number of subpænas already had been sent out.

Among other things to be inquired into s the lease of the bulkhead between West Twenty-seventh and West Twenty-eighth streets, made to the New York Contracting and Trucking Company, of which John Murphy, brother of Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, is president. The lease was made to the contracting company at member of the board, the others being Peter F. Meyer and J. Sergeant Cram.

In a complaint filed by Corporation Counsel Rives in the Supreme Court a few weeks ago, Mr. Rives asked for a revocation of the lease, alleging that the minutes of of the lease, alleging that the minutes of the Dock Commissioner's meeting at which the lease was made had been tampered with; that the annual rental of \$1,260 agreed upon had been altered to \$750 a year and that the term of the lease had been changed from three to thirty years.

from three to thirty years.

Lawyer T. C. O'Sullivan, counsel for the

Lawyer T. C. O'Suilivan, counsel for the contracting company, has got an extension of time in which to put in an answer to the complaint. The matter will go over to the October term.

"I cannot say who or how many witnesses will be called, said Mr. Jerome yesterday. "But I will say that the proceedings will result in bringing out all of the facts in the case. In addition to this investigation it is my intention to take up the charges made by the Merchants' Association against the Aqueduct Commission."

These charges, which have already been laid before the Mayor, assert that the Aqueduct Commissioners neglected to see that the contractors who had charge of the work of building the Jerome Park Reservoir complied with the specifications. It is

work of building the Jeronie Park Reservoir complied with the specifications. It is alleged that the reservoir won't hold water, and that the westerly wall of the Croton dam was built from mortar mixed with broken stone instead of sand.

Mr. Jerome wouldn't say what form his investigation of the Aqueduct Commission would take

Sold Liquor on a Burnt Certificate. William Murray, who keeps a saloon at will am surray, who keeps a saloon at 522 West Fifty-first street, was arrested last night by the West Forty-seventh street police for selling without a license. There was no certificate in his window. He says his certificate was burned up by-accident last Thursday.

good sanitarium at clifton springs, new york, excursion tickets -black diamond express via lehigh valley railroad is really the best illustrated pamphlets on application 355 broadway.

see time-table in this paper for schedules and ticket offices.

The Seagoers. Some passengers on the Kaiser Wilhelm II., in yesterday from Bremen, were: S. Mallet Prevost, J. C. Mellery, U. S. A. J. Murray Mitchell, Robert Oxnard, James Brown Potter and J. W. Gates. The American liner New York, off to-day for Southampton, will carry away: Col. T. E. Roessle and Mrs. Roessle, Prof. W. M. Sloane of Princeton and Mrs. Sloane, George Westinghouse, the Hon. Eugene Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Stump, Herbert G. Dering, secretary of the British Embassy at Washington, and Alfred Davies, M. P.

The Rotterdam of the Holland-America Line will take away to-day:

The Holland-America steamship Pots-dam, from Rotterdam and Boulogne, brought in a large number of passengers, including:

G. H. Collins, John Davies, F. S. Gage, Dr. S. C. Powell, G. H. Sheffleld and John Boyd Thacher. Passengers by the North German Lloyd earnship Lahn, from Mediterranean

John A. Fine, Harry Nelson Guy, J. B. Hitchcock, Daniel H. Howes, Dr. Charles R. Parke, H. D. Sedgwick, George B. Taylor, F. A. Russell Whitney and H. W. Dewsnapp. Arrivals by the Atlantic Transport lines Mesaba, from London: Dr. B. A. Campbell, Dr. Frederick Hill Cole, Miss L. Dyott-Dyott, Dr. J. J. Powel and Dr. Jules Silber.

CARPET CLEANSING

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.

Breadway, oer, 46th 8th, New York, or, 46th 8th, New York, or, 46th 8th, New York, strongs WAREHOUSE AND MOVING VANS. Write or telephone for interesting booklet.

DIED. on Sunday evening, June 14, Jacob Hays son of the late William II. Hays, in the sott year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his daugh

tor, 22 East 75th st., on Wednesday, June 17, at 4 o'clook. Interment at Woodlawn at the convenience of the family.